THE EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION IN WHICH AN EXCLUSIVE PROPERTY OR PRIVILEGE IS CLAIMED ARE DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:

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- 1. A burner fuel mixer head, comprising:
- a primary housing having a fuel/air mixing chamber with a mixed fuel gas inlet, a combustion air inlet, and a mixed fuel/air outlet communicating with the fuel/air mixing 10 chamber;
- a secondary housing having a fuel mixing chamber with a pressurized fuel gas inlet and a low pressure fuel gas inlet, the fuel mixing chamber of the secondary housing communicating with the mixed fuel gas inlet leading into the 15 primary housing;
 - a venturi throat with converging sidewalls positioned in the mixed fuel gas inlet;
- a venturi nozzle communicating with the pressurized fuel gas inlet, a first end of the venturi nozzle extending into 20 the fuel mixing chamber in axial alignment with the venturi throat to form a venturi, such that a pressurized flow of pressurized fuel gas through the venturi draws low pressure fuel gas from the fuel mixing chamber of the secondary housing through the mixed fuel gas inlet into the fuel/air 25 mixing chamber of the primary housing.
- 2. The burner fuel mixer head as defined in Claim 1, wherein the venturi nozzle is positioned in a pressurized fuel gas inlet passage.

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3. The burner fuel mixer head as defined in Claim 2, wherein the venturi nozzle is axially movable in the pressurized fuel gas inlet passage, such that the venturi nozzle can be moved either toward or away from the venturi throat to 35 adjust the relative proportions of pressurized fuel gas and low pressure fuel gas being fed through the mixed fuel gas inlet into the fuel/air mixing chamber.

- 4. The burner fuel nozzle mixer head as defined in Claim 3, wherein the pressurized fuel gas inlet passage has an interior sidewall with threads and a second end of the 5 venturi nozzle has an exterior surface with threads, such that the venturi nozzle is maintained in threaded engagement with the interior sidewall of the pressurized fuel gas inlet passage, rotation of the venturi nozzle resulting in axial movement of the venturi nozzle in the pressurized fuel gas 10 inlet passage.
- 5. The burner mixer head as defined in Claim 4, wherein the second end of the venturi nozzle has a tool receiving receptacle, whereby the venturi nozzle is rotated by means 15 of a tool extended into the pressurized fuel gas inlet passage and engaged with the tool receiving receptacle.
- 6. The burner mixer head as defined in Claim 4, wherein an externally threaded lock nut is provided to maintain the 20 axial positioning of the venturi nozzle in the pressurized gas inlet passage.
- 7. The burner mixed head as defined in Claim 1, wherein the mixed fuel/air outlet of the primary housing has converging 25 sidewalls, thereby providing a venturi which draws combustion air through the combustion air inlet into the fuel/air mixing chamber.

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A burner fuel mixer head, comprising:

a primary housing having an interior cavity defining a 5 fuel/air mixing chamber, the primary housing having a mixed fuel gas inlet, a combustion air inlet, and a mixed fuel/air outlet all of which communicate with the interior cavity;

a secondary housing having an interior cavity defining a fuel mixing chamber, the interior cavity of the secondary 10 housings communicating with the mixed fuel gas inlet leading into the primary housing, the secondary housing having a pressurized fuel gas inlet and a low pressure fuel gas inlet;

a venturi throat with converging sidewalls positioned 15 in the mixed fuel gas inlet;

a pressurized fuel gas inlet passage leading from the pressurized fuel gas inlet to the fuel mixing chamber of the secondary housing;

a venturi nozzle positioned in the pressurized fuel gas 20 inlet passage and communicating with the pressurized fuel gas inlet, a first end of the venturi nozzle extending into the fuel mixing chamber in axial aligned with the venturi throat to form a venturi, such that a pressurized flow of pressurized fuel gas through the venturi draws low pressure

25 fuel gas from the fuel mixing chamber of the secondary housing through the mixed fuel gas inlet into the fuel/air mixing chamber of the primary housing, the venturi nozzle being axially movable in the pressurized fuel gas inlet passage, such that the venturi nozzle can be moved either

30 toward or away from the venturi throat to adjust the relative proportions of pressurized fuel gas and low pressure fuel gas being fed through the mixed fuel gas inlet into the fuel/air mixing chamber, the pressurized fuel gas inlet passage having an interior sidewall with threads and a

35 second end of the venturi nozzle having an exterior surface with threads, such that the venturi nozzle is maintained in threaded engagement with the interior sidewall of the

pressurized fuel gas inlet passage, rotation of the venturi nozzle resulting in axial movement of the venturi nozzle in the pressurized fuel gas inlet passage.

- 59. The burner mixer head as defined in Claim 8, wherein the second end of the venturi nozzle has a tool receiving receptacle, whereby the venturi nozzle is rotated by means of a tool extended into the pressurized fuel gas inlet passage and engaged with the tool receiving receptacle.
- 10. The burner mixer head as defined in Claim 8, wherein an externally threaded lock nut is provided to maintain the axial positioning of the venturi nozzle in the pressurized gas inlet passage.
- 11. The burner mixed head as defined in Claim 8, wherein the mixed fuel/air outlet of the primary housing has converging sidewalls.